



1. Policy Statement

Partick Thistle endorses the principle of Equality and is committed to ensure that everyone who wishes to be involved with Partick Thistle, regardless of their role, current or potential:

- have a genuine and equal opportunity to participate to the full extent of their own ambitions and abilities, regardless of their age, sex, gender identity, disability, marital or civil partnership status, pregnancy or maternity, religion, race, socioeconomic status or sexual orientation; and
- can be assured of an environment in which their rights and dignity and individual worth are respected and valued, and in particular that they are able to be involved and participate without the threat of discrimination, intimidation, victimisation, bullying, harassment or abuse.

2. Policy Objectives

This Policy has the following objectives:

- To promote fair and equitable treatment for everyone involved with Partick Thistle, in whatever capacity.
- To ensure that no one working for, wishing to work for or working on behalf of Partick Thistle receives less favourable treatment on the grounds set out in 1.
- To adopt a planned approach (strategically and operationally) to eliminating perceived barriers which discriminate against or exclude particular groups.
- To give clear guidance and communication to all individuals who, either administer an area of Partick Thistle or work for Partick Thistle on its commitment to Equality.
- To ensure that the content of policies, procedures, competitions, regulations (where applicable) and assessments provides equal opportunity for all except where specific situations or conditions properly or reasonably prevent this.
- To adopt systems and procedures which ensure all materials prepared, produced or distributed on behalf of Partick Thistle and all relevant public statements made on behalf of Partick Thistle reflect its commitment to equality and inclusion.

3. Scope

- 3.1 This Policy applies to all current and potential employees (temporary), workers, Directors, Co-optees, consultants, agents, sub-contractors, volunteers, and any other person providing services on behalf of Partick Thistle (“associated persons”).
- 3.2 The Policy extends to all activities of Partick Thistle.



4. Policy Overview

- 4.1 Partick Thistle is committed to remove and eliminate any direct or indirect discrimination of any form or kind within Partick Thistle structures, and will under no circumstances condone unlawful discriminatory practices. The organisation takes a zero tolerance approach to discrimination, harassment, victimisation or bullying. Examples of the relevant legislation and the behaviours in question are given in Appendix A.

5. Positive Action

- 5.1 The principle of Equality goes further than simply complying with legislation. It entails taking positive steps to counteract the effects of barriers – whether real or perceived – that restrict the opportunity for all to participate equally and fully.
- 5.2 Partick Thistle will therefore seek to institute, support or contribute to appropriate measures or initiatives that enable access Partick Thistle and participation in associated activities by people from any group that is under-represented or has difficulty accessing it.
- 5.3 Partick Thistle will furthermore seek to apply employment practices in general, and recruitment and selection practices more specifically, which encourage and support people with protected characteristics to gain access to work or training.

6. Reasonable adjustments

- 6.1 Partick Thistle recognises that it has a duty to make reasonable adjustments for disabled persons.
- 6.2 The duty to make reasonable adjustments may include the removal, adaptation or alteration of physical features, if these make it impossible or unreasonably difficult for disabled people to carry out their role. It may also include making changes to working arrangements.
- 6.3 Partick Thistle will consider all requests for adjustments and where possible will accommodate any reasonable requests. Where appropriate, advice may be sought from specialist agencies.

7. Implementation

- 7.1 To achieve these objectives, Partick Thistle is committed to promote and advance equal opportunity through Partick Thistle structures which will cover all areas of our organisation. The CEO is ultimately responsible for implementing the Policy.
- 7.2 The following steps will be taken to publicise this policy and promote Equality within Partick Thistle :
- A copy of this Policy will be published on Partick Thistle website.
 - The Board will take full account of the Policy in arriving at all decisions in relation to activities of Partick Thistle .
 - Partick Thistle will collaborate fully with any practical surveys or other initiatives designed to assess the level of participation of different sections of the community in football and will take account of the findings in developing measures to promote and enhance Equality.
 - Partick Thistle will provide access to training for all of its Board Members and staff to raise awareness of both collective and individual responsibilities.



8. Responsibilities

- 8.1 The Board will review all Partick Thistle activities and initiatives against the aims of the policy on an annual basis, and will report on developments and highlights.
- 8.2 The Board, or where appropriate a designated project leader, will review any measures or initiatives that Partick Thistle may institute or take part in to promote and enhance equal.
- 8.3 The Board and CEO are publicly accountable for Equality and will receive regular updates on the activities and the implementation of the Equality Policy from a designated member of the Board. It is the role of the Board and CEO to address any actual or potential breaches of the policy.

9. Disciplinary Process

9.1 Partick Thistle reserves the right to audit compliance with the policy from time to time. If you are an employee, a worker or casual staff and misconduct is discovered as a result of any investigation under this policy the Partick Thistle disciplinary procedures will be used in addition to any appropriate external measures. Disciplinary action may ultimately lead to dismissal

10. Raising concerns

10.1 Most concerns can be resolved quickly and informally through discussion with our administration staff. If this does not resolve the problem you should initiate the formal procedure set out below.

10.2 This procedure does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time. The Club may bypass any of the provisions outlined in this policy where the Club deems it appropriate to do so.

Step 1: written submission

10.2 You should put your concern in writing and submit it to the Chief Executive. If your concern concerns the CEO, you may submit it to the Club Board and an appropriate individual will then be appointed to consider your concern.

10.3 The written concern should set out the nature of the concern, including any relevant facts, dates, and names of individuals involved so that we can investigate it.



Step 2: meeting

- 10.4 We will arrange a meeting as soon as possible following receipt of your written concern. You should make every effort to attend.
- 10.5 You may bring a companion to the meeting if you make a reasonable request in advance and tell us the name of your chosen companion. The companion may be either a trade union representative or a colleague, if an employee of the club, they will be allowed reasonable paid time off from duties to act as your companion.
- 10.6 If you or your companion cannot attend at the time specified you should let us know as soon as possible and we will try, within reason, to agree an alternative time.
- 10.7 We may adjourn the meeting if we need to carry out further investigations, after which the meeting will usually be reconvened.
- 10.8 After the meeting, we will write to you to confirm our decision and notify you of any further action that we intend to take to resolve the concern. We will also advise you of your right of appeal.

Step 3: appeals

- 10.9 If the concern has not been resolved to your satisfaction you may appeal in writing to a Director or the Board, stating your full grounds of appeal, within one week of the date on which the decision was sent or given to you.
- 10.10 We will hold an appeal meeting as soon as possible following receipt of the appeal. This will be dealt with impartially, normally by a member of the Board. You will have a right to bring a companion (see paragraph 10.5).
- 10.11 After the meeting, we will confirm our final decision in writing. There is no further right of appeal.



Appendix A – Legal Notes

Discrimination has been legally defined through a series of legislative acts, including the Race Relations Act, the Sex Discrimination Act, the Disability Discrimination Act and the Equality Act 2006. In April 2010, the Equality Act 2010 received Royal Assent. The Equality Act 2010 is a new law which harmonises where possible, and in some cases extends, protection from discrimination. It applies throughout the UK and came into force in October 2010.

Discrimination refers to unfavourable treatment on the basis of particular characteristics, which are known as the 'protected characteristics'. Under the Equality Act 2010, the protected characteristics are defined as age (employment only until 2012), disability, gender reassignment, marital or civil partnership status (employment only), pregnancy and maternity, race (which includes ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality), religion or belief, sex (gender) and sexual orientation.

Under the Equality Act 2010, individuals are protected from discrimination 'on grounds of' a protected characteristic¹. This means that individuals will be protected if they have a characteristic, are assumed to have it, associate with someone who has it or with someone who is assumed to have it.

Forms of discrimination and discriminatory behaviour include the following:

Direct discrimination

Direct discrimination can be described as less favourable treatment on the grounds of one of the protected characteristics.

Indirect discrimination

Indirect discrimination occurs when a provision, criterion or practice is applied to an individual or group that would put persons of a particular characteristic at a particular disadvantage compared with other persons.

Discrimination arising from disability

When a disabled person is treated unfavourably because of something connected with their disability and this unfavourable treatment cannot be justified, this is unlawful. This type of discrimination only relates to disability.

Harassment

Harassment is defined as unwanted conduct relating to a protected characteristic that has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity, or which creates an intimidating or hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that person.

Victimisation

It is unlawful to treat a person less favourably because he or she has made allegations or brought proceedings under the anti-discrimination legislation, or because they have helped another person to do so. To do so could constitute victimisation.

¹ The exception to this is pregnancy and maternity, which does not include protection by association or assumption – a woman is only protected from discrimination on grounds of her own pregnancy.



Partick Thistle Equality Policy – July 2022

Bullying

Bullying is defined as a form of personal harassment involving the misuse of power, influence or position to persistently criticise, humiliate or undermine an individual.